



LEXI-R520

Ultra-small LTE-M / NB-IoT module

Data sheet



Abstract

Technical data sheet describing the ultra-small LEXI-R520 multi-band LTE-M / NB-IoT modules, based on the latest u-blox UBX-R52 chipset, integrating cellular modem and A-GPS technology, delivering data connectivity alongside satellite positioning in the compact LEXI form factor.

Document information

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This document applies to the following products:

| Product name | Type number | Firmware version | Notification reference | Product status |
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1.2 Block diagram

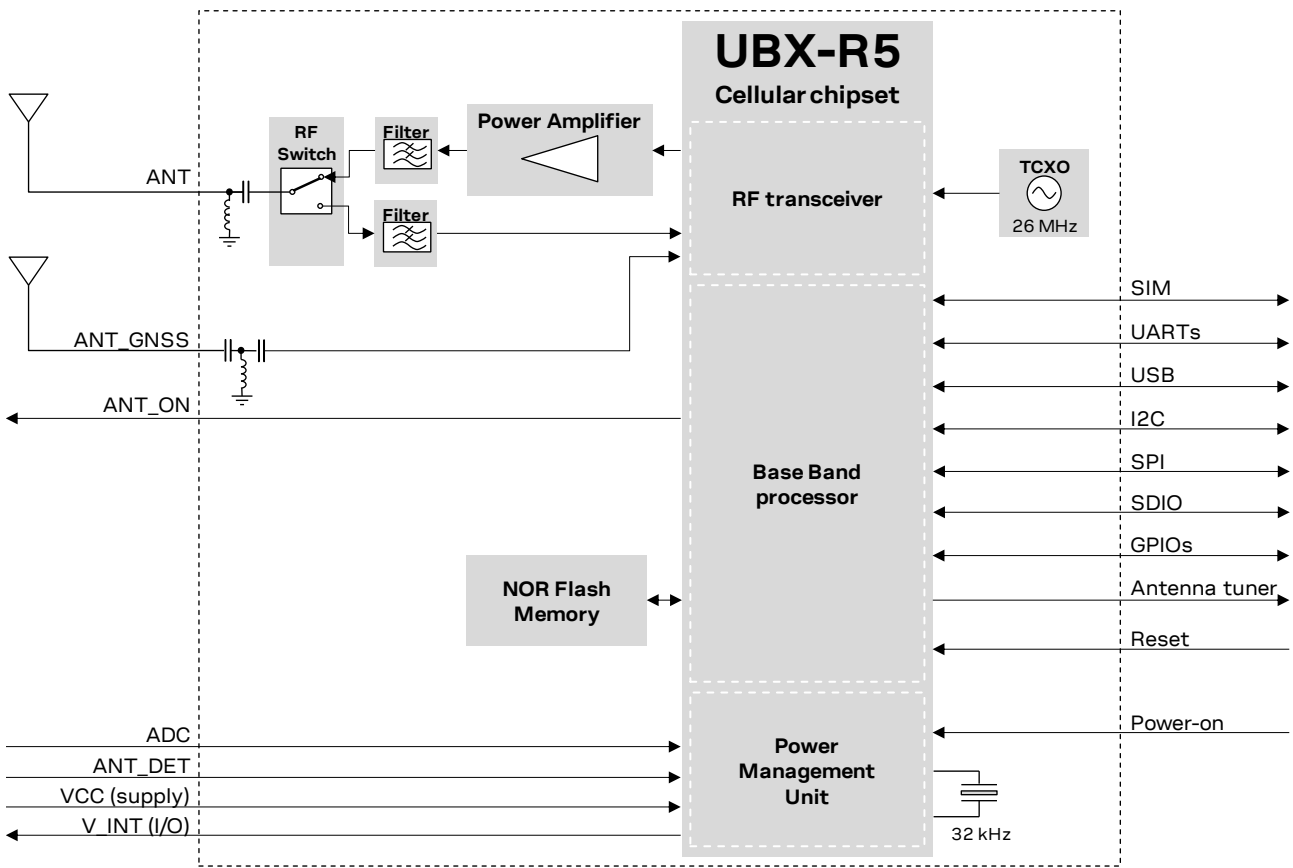



Figure 1: LEXI-R520 block diagram

 The current product version of the LEXI-R520 module does not support the following interfaces, which should be left unconnected and should not be driven by external devices:

- SPI interface
- SDIO interface

1.3 Product description

The LEXI-R520 is an LTE Cat M1 / NB2 module for multi-region use, designed to achieve extremely low current consumption in deep-sleep power saving mode (PSM). It includes the integrated u-blox SpotNow A-GPS receiver functionality for global position acquisition.


| Item | LEXI-R520 |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Cellular protocol stack | 3GPP Rel. 13 LTE Cat M1 and NB1 3GPP Rel. 14 LTE Cat M1 additional core features: Coverage Enhancement Mode B, Uplink TBS of 2984b 3GPP Rel. 14 LTE Cat NB2 additional core features: Higher data rate (TBS of 2536b), Mobility enhancement (RRC connection re-establishment), E-Cell ID, 2 HARQ processes, Release Assistant, Random access on Non-Anchor Carrier |
| Cellular Radio Access Technology | LTE Cat M1 Half-Duplex LTE Cat NB2 Half-Duplex |

| Item | LEXI-R520 |
|----------------------------|---|
| Cellular operating bands | LTE FDD band 1 (2100 MHz) LTE FDD band 2 (1900 MHz) LTE FDD band 3 (1800 MHz) LTE FDD band 4 (1700 MHz) LTE FDD band 5 (850 MHz) LTE FDD band 8 (900 MHz) LTE FDD band 12 (700 MHz) LTE FDD band 13 (750 MHz) LTE FDD band 18 (850 MHz) LTE FDD band 19 (850 MHz) LTE FDD band 20 (800 MHz) LTE FDD band 25 (1900 MHz) LTE FDD band 26 (850 MHz) LTE FDD band 28 (700 MHz) LTE FDD band 66 (1700 MHz) LTE FDD band 71 (600 MHz) LTE FDD band 85 (700 MHz) |
| Cellular power class | LTE power class 3 (23 dBm) |
| Cellular data rate | LTE category M1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • up to 1200 kbit/s UL • up to 375 kbit/s DL LTE category NB2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • up to 140 kbit/s UL • up to 125 kbit/s DL |
| Assisted-GPS receiver type | u-blox SpotNow engine GPS L1C/A |

Table 2: LEXI-R520 cellular and GNSS main characteristics

1.4 AT command support

The LEXI-R520 module supports AT commands according to the 3GPP standards TS 27.007 [4], TS 27.005 [5], TS 27.010 [6], and the u-blox AT commands extension.

 For the complete list of AT commands and their description, see the AT commands manual [1].

1.5 Supported features


Table 3 lists some of the main features supported by LEXI-R520 modules.

| Feature | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| Open CPU (uCPU) | Capability to run customer application code directly on LEXI-R520 modules. The functionality is available upon request. |
| Device security | Hardware-based security functions of the chipset are used to provide: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secure boot: guarantees software authenticity and integrity • Secure update: supervises the secure delivery of the correct FW to the module |
| MQTT Anywhere, MQTT Flex | With u-blox's communication services – MQTT Anywhere or MQTT Flex – data overhead, time spent on-the-air, and energy consumption can be reduced, thus enabling users to extend device life cycles, lower costs, and improve ROI. |

| Feature | Description |
|--|---|
| Integrated A-GPS receiver | <p>Integrated u-blox SpotNow feature, a SW implementation of an Assisted GPS receiver (A-GPS) running on the u-blox UBX-R52 chipset. With the unique SpotNow feature, cellular and GPS use two dedicated antennas. Internally to the module, the radio resources are switched between the two inputs depending on the corresponding operating.</p> <p>SpotNow feature can be used when the cellular modem is offline or when it is registered to a cell. SpotNow feature relies on assistance data to be downloaded at least every couple of hours.</p> <p>Cellular and SpotNow may work together, with the GPS signals being tracked during the cellular eDRX paging cycle. This avoids any conflicts or possible interruptions of the cellular operations, bringing service continuity.</p> |
| External GNSS control via modem | <p>Access to external u-blox positioning chips and modules through I2C interface.</p> <p>This means that any host processor can control the LEXI-R520 module and the u-blox positioning chip or module through a single serial port.</p> |
| Embedded AssistNow Software | Embedded AssistNow Online and AssistNow Offline clients are available. |
| CellLocate® | Enables the estimation of device position based on the parameters of the mobile network cells visible to the specific device based on the CellLocate® database. |
| Hybrid positioning | Provides the module's current position using the integrated A-GPS receiver or the estimated position from CellLocate®, depending on which positioning method provides the best and fastest solution according to the user configuration. |
| u-blox Smart Connection Manager (uSCM) | <p>The u-blox Smart Connection Manager (uSCM) is an application running on the module that may be enabled to let the module automatically handle the connection with the network, setting up the link and reestablishing it if dropped according to some predefined and user-customizable profiles which set the module basic modes of operation.</p> <p>The uSCM feature massively reduces the complexity of the application code controlling the module, saving developers time, reducing time to market, and optimizing module behavior in typical operating modes.</p> |
| Antenna dynamic tuning | Real-time control of an external antenna matching IC via two dedicated pins of the module according to the LTE band used by the module. |
| Embedded TCP and UDP stack | <p>Embedded TCP/IP and UDP/IP stack including direct link mode for TCP and UDP sockets.</p> <p>Sockets can be set in Direct Link mode to establish a transparent end-to-end communication with an already connected TCP or UDP socket via the serial interface.</p> |
| HTTP, HTTPS (v1.0 for +UHTTP, v1.1 for LwM2M client) | Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol as well as Secure Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol (SSL encryption) functionalities are supported via AT commands. |
| FTP, FTPS | File Transfer Protocol as well as Secure File Transfer Protocol (SSL encryption of FTP control channel) functionalities are supported by means of AT commands. |
| CoAP (RFC 7252 [11]) | Embedded Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP) datagram-based client/server application protocol designed to easily translate from HTTP for simplified integration with the web. |
| MQTT (v3.1.1) and MQTT-SN (v1.2) | Embedded Message Queuing Telemetry Transport (MQTT) and MQTT for Sensor Networks (MQTT-SN) publish-subscribe messaging protocols designed for lightweight M2M communications over TCP (MQTT) or over UDP (MQTT-SN). These allow one-to-one, one-to-many and many-to-one communications over a TCP or UDP connection. |
| LwM2M (v1.0) | The LwM2M is a light and compact communication protocol designed for managing IoT machine-to-machine communication between a LwM2M server and a LwM2M client located in lightweight, low power or resource-constrained LwM2M devices, with object data model. |
| TLS (v1.0, v1.1, v1.2, v1.3) and DTLS (v1.2) | <p>Transport Layer Security (TLS) version 1.3 provides security for HTTP, FTP, MQTT and TCP communications.</p> <p>Embedded Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) version 1.2 provides security for CoAP, LwM2M, MQTT-SN and UDP communications.</p> |
| Jamming detection | Detects "artificial" interference that obscures the operator's carrier entitled to give access to the radio service and automatically reports the start and stop of such conditions to the application processor that can react accordingly. |
| Smart temperature supervisor | <p>Constant monitoring of the module board temperature:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Warning notification when the temperature approaches predefined thresholds (see 4.2.14) Shutdown notified and forced when the temperature value is outside the specified range (shutdown suspended in case of an emergency call in progress) <p>The feature can be enabled or disabled through the +USTS AT command.</p> |

| Feature | Description |
|---|--|
| Last gasp | In case of power supply outage the cellular module can be configured through the +ULGASP AT command to send an alarm notification to a remote entity. |
| Network indication | GPIO configured to indicate the network status: registered home network, registered roaming, data call enabled, no service. The feature can be enabled through the +UGPIOC AT command. |
| Antenna detection | The ANT_DET pin provides antenna presence detection capability, evaluating the resistance from the ANT pin to GND by means of an external antenna detection circuit implemented on the application board. The feature can be enabled through the +UANTR AT command. |
| BIP | Bearer Independent Protocol for over-the-air SIM provisioning. |
| Dual stack IPv4/IPv6 | Capability to move between Ipv4 and dual stack network infrastructures. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be used. |
| Firmware update Over AT commands (FOAT) | Firmware module update over AT command interface. |
| u-blox Firmware update Over The Air (uFOTA) | u-blox firmware module update over the LTE air interface client/server solution using LwM2M. |
| Power Saving Mode (PSM) | The Power Saving Mode (PSM) feature, defined in 3GPP Rel.13, allows further reduction of the module current consumption maximizing the amount of time a device can remain in PSM low power deep-sleep mode during periods of data inactivity. |
| eDRX | Extended mode DRX, based on 3GPP Rel.13, reduces the amount of signaling overhead decreasing the frequency of scheduled measurements and/or transmissions performed by the module in idle mode. This in turn leads to a reduction in the module power consumption while maintaining a perpetual connection with the base station. |
| Coverage Enhancement (mode A and mode B) | Coverage Enhancement modes introduced in 3GPP Rel.13 are used to improve the cell signal penetration. |
| LTE-M and NB-IoT 3GPP release 14 features | For LTE-M: Larger max UL TBS (2984 bits instead of 1000 bits), Enhanced PUCCH repetition in CE mode B (64 and 128 repetition factor) For NB-IoT: Cat-NB2 higher data rate (with 2536 bit TBS), Release assistance indication, RRC connection re-establishment for the control plane, CloT EPS optimization, 2 UL/DL HARQ processes, Non-anchor paging and RACH, E-CID positioning |

Table 3: Main features supported by LEXI-R520 modules

 u-blox is extremely mindful of user privacy. When a position is sent to the CellLocate® server, u-blox is unable to track the SIM used or the specific device.

2 Interfaces

2.1 Power management

2.1.1 Module supply input (VCC)

LEXI-R520 modules must be supplied through the **VCC** pins by a proper external DC power supply providing a nominal voltage within the normal operating range (see [Table 10](#)). Voltage must be stable, because during operation the current drawn from **VCC** may vary significantly, based on the power consumption profile of the LTE Cat M1 and LTE Cat NB2 radio access technologies.

The three **VCC** pins of LEXI-R520 modules are internally connected to both the internal power amplifier and the internal power management unit, which integrates voltage regulators generating all the internal supply voltages needed by the module for its intended operations. This includes the supply voltage for the generic digital interfaces (**V_INT**) and for the SIM interface (**VSIM**).

It is important that the system power supply circuit is able to withstand the maximum pulse current during a transmit burst at maximum power level (see [Table 12](#)).

2.1.2 Generic digital interfaces supply output (V_INT)

LEXI-R520 modules provide a 1.8 V supply rail output on the **V_INT** pin, which is internally generated when the module is switched on, outside the ultra-low power deep-sleep mode. The same voltage domain is used internally to supply the generic digital interfaces of the module. The **V_INT** supply output can be used in place of an external discrete regulator.



It is recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the **V_INT** pin.

2.2 Antenna interfaces

2.2.1 Cellular antenna RF interface (ANT)

The **ANT** pin is the cellular RF antenna I/O interface, designed with 50 Ω characteristic impedance.

2.2.2 Cellular antenna detection (ANT_DET)

The **ANT_DET** pin is an analog to digital converter (ADC) input with a current source provided by the LEXI-R520 modules to sense the presence of the external cellular antenna (as an optional feature), evaluating the DC resistance to GND by means of an externally implemented circuit.

2.2.3 GPS antenna RF interface (ANT_GNSS)

The **ANT_GNSS** pin represents the RF input for the u-blox SpotNow A-GPS receiver, designed with 50 Ω characteristic impedance and with an internal DC block, suitable for both active and/or passive external GPS antennas.

2.2.4 GPS antenna or LNA control (ANT_ON)

The **ANT_ON** digital output pin is available to provide optional control for switching on/off the power supply to an external active GPS antenna or an external separate LNA. This feature is provided to help minimize power consumption and it can be enabled by dedicated AT command (see [section 2.7](#)).

2.3 System functions

2.3.1 Module power-on

When the LEXI-R520 modules are not powered, they can be switched on as following:

- Applying a voltage at the **VCC** module supply input within the operating range (see [Table 10](#))


When the LEXI-R520 modules are in power-off mode (i.e. switched off, but with a valid voltage present at the **VCC** module supply input within the operating range reported in [Table 10](#)), they can be switched on as follows:

- Forcing a low level at the **PWR_ON** input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see section [4.2.6](#), module switch on).

When the LEXI-R520 modules are in low power PSM / eDRX deep-sleep mode, with a valid voltage present at the **VCC** module supply input within the operating range reported in [Table 10](#), they can be woken up as follows:

- Forcing a low level at the **PWR_ON** input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see section [4.2.6](#), module wake-up from PSM / eDRX deep-sleep).

The **PWR_ON** line is intended to be driven by open drain, open collector or contact switch.

 It is recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the **PWR_ON** input pin.

2.3.2 Module power-off

The proper graceful power-off procedure of the LEXI-R520 modules, with storage of the current parameter settings in module's non-volatile memory and a clean network detach, can be triggered by:

- AT+CPWROFF command
- Forcing a low pulse at the **PWR_ON** input pin, for a valid time period (see section [4.2.6](#), module normal graceful switch-off)

A faster power-off procedure of the LEXI-R520 modules, with storage of current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory, but without a clean network detach, can be triggered by:

- AT+CFUN=10 command
- Forcing a rising edge at the GPIO pin configured with faster power-off function (see section [2.7](#), faster switch-off)

An abrupt emergency hardware shutdown of the modules, without saving current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory and without clean network detach, can be executed by:

- Forcing a low pulse at the **PWR_ON** input pin, for a valid time period (see section [4.2.6](#), module emergency hardware shutdown)

An abrupt under-voltage shutdown occurs on the LEXI-R520 modules when the **VCC** supply is removed. If this event occurs, it is not possible to store the current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory or to perform a clean network detach.

An over-temperature or an under-temperature shutdown occurs on the LEXI-R520 modules when the temperature measured within the module reaches the dangerous area (see [4.2.14](#)), if the optional smart temperature supervisor feature is enabled and configured by the dedicated AT command.


2.3.3 Module reset

LEXI-R520 modules can be reset (re-booted), saving current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory and performing a proper network detach, by:

- AT+CFUN=16 command. This causes a graceful software reset of the module.

An abrupt software reset of the module is executed by applying a low pulse at the **RESET_N** input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see section 4.2.8). The current parameter settings are not saved in the module's non-volatile memory and a proper network detach is not performed.

The **RESET_N** line is intended to be driven by open drain, open collector or contact switch.

 It is recommended to provide accessible test point directly connected to the **RESET_N** input pin.

2.4 SIM

2.4.1 SIM interface

LEXI-R520 modules provide an interface on the **VSIM**, **SIM_IO**, **SIM_CLK**, and **SIM_RST** pins to connect an external SIM card/chip. Both 1.8 V and 3.0 V SIM types are supported. Activation and deactivation with an automatic voltage switch from 1.8 V to 3.0 V is implemented according to the ISO-IEC 7816-3 specifications.

2.4.2 SIM detection

The **GPIO6** pin of LEXI-R520 modules is a 1.8 V digital input which can be configured as an external interrupt to detect the SIM card presence (as a feature which can be optionally used), as intended to be properly connected to the mechanical switch of an external SIM card holder.

2.5 Serial communication

The LEXI-R520 module provides the following serial communication interfaces:

- UART interfaces, available for communications with host application processor (2.5.1)
- USB 2.0 compliant interface, available for diagnostics only (2.5.2)
- SPI interface, available for diagnostic (2.5.3)
- SDIO interface, available for diagnostic (2.5.4)
- I2C bus compatible interface, available for communications with external I2C devices (2.5.5)

2.5.1 UART interfaces

LEXI-R520 modules include 1.8 V unbalanced asynchronous serial interfaces for communication with external application host processor(s). UART interfaces can be configured by dedicated AT command in the following variants:


- **Variante 0** (default configuration), consists of a single UART interface that supports AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality, FW update by means of FOAT or by means of the u-blox EasyFlash tool, and provides the following lines:
 - Data lines (**RXD** as output, **TXD** as input),
 - Hardware flow control lines (**CTS** as output, **RTS** as input),
 - Modem status and control lines (**DTR** as input, **RI** as output)


- **Variant 1**, consists of a single UART interface that supports AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality, FW update by means of FOAT or by means of the u-blox EasyFlash tool, and provides the following lines:
 - Data lines (**RXD** as output, **TXD** as input),
 - Hardware flow control lines (**CTS** as output, **RTS** as input),
 - Modem status and control lines (**DTR** as input, **DSR** as output, **DCD** as output, **RI** as output)
- **Variants 2, 3 and 4**, consists of two UART interfaces plus ring indication and DTR functions:
 - First primary UART interface supports AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality, FW update by means of FOAT or by means of the u-blox EasyFlash tool, and provides the following lines:
 - Data lines (**RXD** as output, **TXD** as input),
 - Hardware flow control lines (**CTS** as output, **RTS** as input),
 - Second auxiliary UART interface supports AT commands (variant 2 only), data communication (variant 2 only), FW update by means of FOAT (variant 2 only), diagnostic trace logging (variant 3 only), and GNSS tunneling (variant 4 only), and provides the following lines:
 - Data lines (**DCD** as data output, **DTR** as data input),
 - Hardware flow control lines (**RI** as flow control output, **DSR** as flow control input),
 - Ring indication function over the GPIO pin configured with RI function (see section 2.7)

UART general features, valid for all variants, are:

- Serial port with RS-232 functionality conforming to the ITU-T V.24 recommendation [8], with CMOS compatible levels (0 V for low data bit or ON state, and 1.8 V for high data bit or OFF state)
- Hardware flow control (default value) or none flow control are supported
- UART power saving indication available on HW flow control output, if HW flow control is enabled: the line is driven to the OFF state when the module is not prepared to accept data by the UART
- One-shot autobauding is supported and it is enabled by default: automatic baud rate detection is performed only once, at module start up. After the detection, the module works at the fixed baud rate (the detected one) and the baud rate can only be changed via +IPR AT command
- The following baud rates are supported and can be auto detected: 9600 bit/s, 19200 bit/s, 38400 bit/s, 57600 bit/s, 115200 bit/s, 230400 bit/s, 460800 bit/s, 921600 bit/s
- The following baud rates are supported but cannot be auto detected: 3000000 bit/s, 3250000 bit/s
- The default frame format is 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)
- The following frame formats are supported: 8N1, 8N2, 8E1, 8O1, 7N1, 7E1, 7O1

The UART interfaces can be conveniently configured through AT commands.

 It is highly recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the **TXD** and **RXD** pins for FW upgrade purpose.

 Accessible test points directly connected to the **DCD** and **DTR** pins may be provided for diagnostic purpose, alternatively to the highly recommended accessible test points provided on the USB interface pins.

2.5.1.1 Multiplexer protocol

LEXI-R520 modules include multiplexer functionality as per 3GPP TS 27.010 [6] on the primary UART interface physical link. This is a data link protocol which uses HDLC-like framing and operates between the module (DCE) and the application processor (DTE), allowing a number of simultaneous sessions over the physical link (primary UART).

When USIO variant 0 or 1 is set, the following virtual channels are defined:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 3: AT commands / data communication
- Channel 4: GNSS tunneling

When USIO variant 2 is set, AT commands and data communication are available on the second auxiliary UART, and the following virtual channels are defined on the primary UART:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 2: AT commands / data communication
- Channel 3: GNSS tunneling

When USIO variant 3 is set, diagnostic trace log is available on the second auxiliary UART, and the following virtual channels are defined on the primary UART:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 3: AT commands / data communication
- Channel 4: GNSS tunneling

When USIO variant 4 is set, GNSS tunneling is available on the second auxiliary UART, and the following virtual channels are defined on the primary UART:


- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 3: AT commands / data communication

2.5.2 USB interface

LEXI-R520 modules include a high-speed USB 2.0 compliant interface with a maximum 480 Mbit/s data rate according to the USB 2.0 specification [9]. The module itself acts as a USB device and can be connected to any USB host equipped with compatible drivers.

The USB interface is available for diagnostic purpose only.

The **USB_D+** / **USB_D-** lines carry the USB data and signaling, while the **VUSB_DET** pin represents the input to enable the USB interface by applying an external valid USB VBUS voltage (5.0 V typical).


 It is highly recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the USB interface pins (**VUSB_DET**, **USB_D+**, **USB_D-**) for diagnostic purpose.

2.5.3 SPI interface


 The SPI interface is not supported by current LEXI-R520 product version, except for diagnostic.

LEXI-R520 modules include a 1.8V Serial Peripheral Interface over the **SDIO_D0**, **SDIO_D1**, **SDIO_D2** and **SDIO_D3** pins, with SPI_MOSI, SPI_MISO, SPI_CLK and SPI_CS alternative function respectively, with the module acting as SPI host.

2.5.4 SDIO interface

 The SDIO interface is not supported by current LEXI-R520 product version, except for diagnostic.

LEXI-R520 modules include a 1.8V 4-bit Secure Digital Input Output interface over the **SDIO_D0**, **SDIO_D1**, **SDIO_D2**, **SDIO_D3**, **SDIO_CLK** and **SDIO_CMD** pins, with the module acting as an SDIO host.

 Accessible test points directly connected to the **SDIO_D0**, **SDIO_D1**, **SDIO_D2** and **SDIO_D3** pins may be provided for diagnostic purpose, alternatively to the highly recommended accessible test points provided on the USB interface pins.

2.5.5 I2C interface

LEXI-R520 modules include a 1.8V I2C-bus compatible interface over the **SDA** and **SCL** pins, available to communicate with an external u-blox GNSS receiver and/or with compatible external I2C devices: the LEXI-R520 module acts as an I2C host that can communicate with I2C devices in accordance with the I2C bus specifications [10].

2.6 ADC

LEXI-R520 modules include an Analog-to-Digital Converter input pin, **ADC**, configurable via a dedicated AT command.

2.7 GPIO

LEXI-R520 modules include pins that can be configured as general-purpose input/output or to provide custom functions as summarized in [Table 4](#).

| Function | Description | Default GPIO | Configurable GPIOs |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| General purpose output | Output to set the high or the low digital level | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |
| General purpose input | Input to sense high or low digital level | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |
| Network status indication | Output indicating cellular network status: registered, data transmission, no service | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |
| External GNSS supply enable | Output to enable/disable the supply of an external u-blox GNSS receiver connected to the LEXI-R520 module by I2C | - | GPIO2 |
| External GNSS data ready | Input to sense when an external u-blox GNSS receiver connected to the LEXI-R520 module is ready for sending data over the I2C interface | - | GPIO3 |
| SIM card detection | Input for SIM card physical presence detection, to optionally enable / disable SIM interface upon detection of external SIM card physical insertion / removal | - | GPIO6 |
| Module status indication | Output indicating module status: power-off or deep-sleep mode versus idle, active or connected mode | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |
| Module operating mode indication | Output indicating module operating mode: power-off, deep-sleep or idle mode versus active or connected mode | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |
| Ring indicator | Output providing events indicator | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |
| Last gasp | Input to trigger last gasp notification | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5 |
| Faster switch-off | Input with internal pull-down to trigger a faster shutdown (as AT+CFUN=10) by applying a rising edge | - | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5 |
| ANT_ON | Output to control the supply of an external active GPS antenna and/or LNA, synced with SpotNow activities | - | ANT_ON |
| Pin disabled | Tri-state with an internal active pull-down enabled | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON | GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, ANT_ON |

Table 4: GPIO custom functions configuration

2.8 Cellular antenna dynamic tuner interface

LEXI-R520 modules include two output pins (named **RFCTRL1** and **RFCTRL2**) that can optionally be used to control in real time an external antenna tuning IC, as the two pins change their output value dynamically according to the specific current LTE band in use by the module. [Table 5](#) lists the default factory-programmed configuration that can be changed by dedicated AT command.

| RFCTRL1 | RFCTRL2 | LTE frequency band in use |
|---------|---------|---|
| 0 | 0 | B71 (< 700 MHz) |
| 0 | 1 | B12, B13, B28, B85 (700..800 MHz) |
| 1 | 0 | B5, B8, B18, B19, B20, B26 (800..900 MHz) |
| 1 | 1 | B1, B2, B3, B4, B25, B66 (> 1000 MHz) |

Table 5: LEXI-R520 modules antenna dynamic tuning truth table (default factory-programmed configuration)

2.9 Reserved pin (RSVD)

LEXI-R520 modules have a pin reserved for future use, marked as **RSVD**. This pin is to be left unconnected on the application board.

3 Pin definition

3.1 Pin assignment

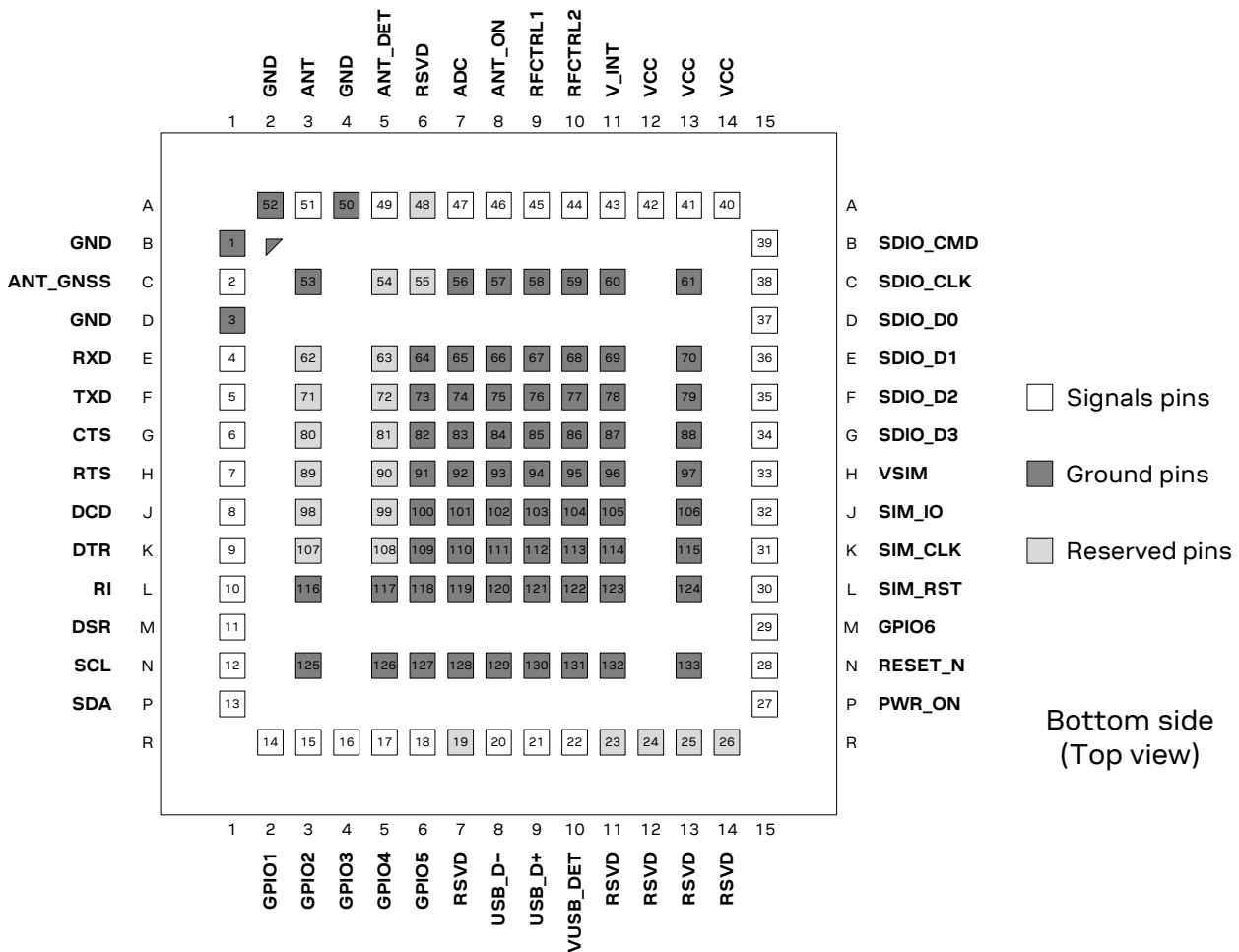


Figure 2: LEXI-R520 module pin assignment (top view)

| ID | No | Name | Power domain | I/O | Description | Remarks |
|----|----|---------|--------------|-----|----------------------------------|--|
| A2 | 52 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| A3 | 51 | ANT | - | I/O | Cellular antenna | RF input/output for cellular Rx/Tx antenna. 50 Ω nominal impedance. See section 2.2.1 and 4.2.4 for details. |
| A4 | 50 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| A5 | 49 | ANT_DET | ADC | I | Antenna detection | Antenna presence detection function. See section 2.2.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.6 for detailed electrical specs. |
| A6 | 48 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| A7 | 47 | ADC | ADC | I | ADC input | 12-bit Analog to Digital Converter input. See section 2.6 for functional description. See section 4.2.13 for detailed electrical specs. |
| A8 | 46 | ANT_ON | GDI | O | GPS Antenna / LNA supply control | Digital output to optionally control the supply of an external active GPS antenna or LNA. Push-pull output type. See section 2.2.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |

| ID | No | Name | Power domain | I/O | Description | Remarks |
|-----|----|----------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| A9 | 45 | RFCTRL1 | GDI | O | RF GPIO for cellular antenna tuning | Digital output to optionally control an antenna tuning IC. Push-pull output type. See section 2.8 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| A10 | 44 | RFCTRL2 | GDI | O | RF GPIO for cellular antenna tuning | Digital output to optionally control an antenna tuning IC. Push-pull output type. See section 2.8 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| A11 | 43 | V_INT | - | O | Generic Digital Interfaces supply output | V_INT = 1.8 V (typical) supply generated by the module when is switched on, outside low power deep sleep mode. See section 2.1.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.2 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| A12 | 42 | VCC | - | I | Module supply input | All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See section 2.1.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.2 and 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs. |
| A13 | 41 | VCC | - | I | Module supply input | All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See section 2.1.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.2 and 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs. |
| A14 | 40 | VCC | - | I | Module supply input | All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See section 2.1.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.2 and 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs. |
| B1 | 1 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| B15 | 39 | SDIO_CMD | GDI | I/O | SDIO command | SDIO not supported by current product version. See section 2.5.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| C1 | 2 | ANT_GNSS | - | I | GPS antenna | RF input for GPS Rx antenna. 50 Ω nominal impedance. See section 2.2.2 and Table 2 for functional description. |
| C3 | 53 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C5 | 54 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| C6 | 55 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| C7 | 56 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C8 | 57 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C9 | 58 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C10 | 59 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C11 | 60 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C13 | 61 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| C15 | 38 | SDIO_CLK | GDI | O | SDIO serial clock | SDIO not supported by current product version. See section 2.5.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| D1 | 3 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| D15 | 37 | SDIO_DO | GDI | I/O/ O | SDIO serial data [0]/ SPI_MOSI | SDIO not supported by current product version. Pin alternatively configurable as SPI_MOSI, for diagnostic. See section 2.5.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| E1 | 4 | RXD | GDI | O | UART data output | Circuit 104 in ITU-T V.24 (RxD data output, push-pull, idle high, active low). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for FW upgrade purpose. |

| ID | No | Name | Power domain | I/O | Description | Remarks |
|-----|----|---------|--------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| E3 | 62 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| E5 | 63 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| E6 | 64 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E7 | 65 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E8 | 66 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E9 | 67 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E10 | 68 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E11 | 69 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E13 | 70 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| E15 | 36 | SDIO_D1 | GDI | I/O/ I | SDIO serial data [1]/ SPI_MISO | SDIO not supported by current product version. Pin alternatively configurable as SPI_MISO, for diagnostic. See section 2.5.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| F1 | 5 | TXD | GDI | I | UART data input | Circuit 103 in ITU-T V.24 (TxD data input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for FW upgrade purpose. |
| F3 | 71 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| F5 | 72 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| F6 | 73 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F7 | 74 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F8 | 75 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F9 | 76 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F10 | 77 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F11 | 78 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F13 | 79 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| F15 | 35 | SDIO_D2 | GDI | I/O/ O | SDIO serial data [2]/ SPI_CLK | SDIO not supported by current product version. Pin is alternatively configurable as SPI_CLK, for diagnostic. See section 2.5.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| G1 | 6 | CTS | GDI | O | UART clear to send | Circuit 106 in ITU-T V.24 (CTS hardware flow control output, push-pull, idle high, active low). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| G3 | 80 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| G5 | 81 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| G6 | 82 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G7 | 83 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G8 | 84 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G9 | 85 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G10 | 86 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G11 | 87 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G13 | 88 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| G15 | 34 | SDIO_D3 | GDI | I/O/ O | SDIO serial data [3]/ SPI_CS | SDIO not supported by current product version. Pin alternatively configurable as SPI_CS, for diagnostic. See section 2.5.4 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |

| ID | No | Name | Power domain | I/O | Description | Remarks |
|-----|-----|--------|--------------|---------|--|---|
| H1 | 7 | RTS | GDI | I | UART request to send | Circuit 105 in ITU-T V.24 (RTS flow control input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| H3 | 89 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| H5 | 90 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| H6 | 91 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H7 | 92 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H8 | 93 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H9 | 94 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H10 | 95 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H11 | 96 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H13 | 97 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| H15 | 33 | VSIM | - | O | SIM supply output | VSIM = 1.8 V (typical) or 3 V (typical) supply generated by the module according to the external SIM card type, when it is switched on, after the internal boot sequence, outside low power deep sleep mode. See section 2.4.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.9 for detailed electrical specs. |
| J1 | 8 | DCD | GDI | O/ O | UART data carrier detect / AUX UART data output | Circuit 109 in ITU-T V.24 (DCD output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively settable as Second Auxiliary UART RXD (data output, push-pull, idle high, active low). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| J3 | 98 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| J5 | 99 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| J6 | 100 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J7 | 101 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J8 | 102 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J9 | 103 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J10 | 104 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J11 | 105 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J13 | 106 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| J15 | 32 | SIM_IO | SIM | I/O | SIM data | Internal pull-up resistor to VSIM. See section 2.4.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.9 for detailed electrical specs. |
| K1 | 9 | DTR | GDI | I/ I | UART data terminal ready / AUX UART data input | Circuit 108/2 in ITU-T V. 24 (DTR input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled), alternatively settable as second auxiliary UART TXD (data input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| K3 | 107 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| K5 | 108 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| K6 | 109 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| K7 | 110 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| K8 | 111 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| K9 | 112 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| K10 | 113 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| K11 | 114 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |




| ID | No | Name | Power domain | I/O | Description | Remarks |
|-----|-----|---------|--------------|---------|--|---|
| K13 | 115 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| K15 | 31 | SIM_CLK | SIM | O | SIM clock | See section 2.4.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.9 for detailed electrical specs. |
| L1 | 10 | RI | GDI | O/ O | UART ring indicator / AUX UART clear to send | Circuit 125 in ITU-T V.24 (RI output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively configurable as second auxiliary UART CTS (HW flow control output, push-pull, idle high, active low). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| L3 | 116 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L5 | 117 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L6 | 118 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L7 | 119 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L8 | 120 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L9 | 121 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L10 | 122 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L11 | 123 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L13 | 124 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| L15 | 30 | SIM_RST | SIM | O | SIM reset | See section 2.4.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.9 for detailed electrical specs. |
| M1 | 11 | DSR | GDI | O/ I | UART data set ready / AUX UART request to send | Circuit 107 in ITU-T V.24 (DSR output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively configurable as second auxiliary UART RTS (HW flow control input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled). See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| M15 | 29 | GPIO6 | GDI | I/O | Pin for SIM card detection | Configurable GPIO, alternatively configurable as input pin for SIM card detection. Push-pull output type. See sections 2.4.2 and 2.7 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| N1 | 12 | SCL | I2C | O | I2C bus clock line | Fixed open drain. Internal active pull-up. Idle high, active low. See section 2.5.5 for functional description. See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs. |
| N3 | 125 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N5 | 126 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N6 | 127 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N7 | 128 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N8 | 129 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N9 | 130 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N10 | 131 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N11 | 132 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N13 | 133 | GND | - | N/A | Ground | All the GND pins must be connected to ground. |
| N15 | 28 | RESET_N | GDI | I | External reset input | Internal active pull-up. Active low. See section 2.3.3 for functional description. See section 4.2.8 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| P1 | 13 | SDA | I2C | I/O | I2C bus data line | Fixed open drain. Internal active pull-up. Idle high, active low. See section 2.5.5 for functional description. See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs. |

| ID | No | Name | Power domain | I/O | Description | Remarks |
|-----|----|----------|--------------|-----|----------------------------|--|
| P15 | 27 | PWR_ON | POS | I | Power-on / power-off input | Internal active pull-up. Active low. See section 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.6 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| R2 | 14 | GPIO1 | GDI | I/O | GPIO | Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type. See section 2.7 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| R3 | 15 | GPIO2 | GDI | I/O | GPIO | Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type. See section 2.7 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| R4 | 16 | GPIO3 | GDI | I/O | GPIO | Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type. See section 2.7 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| R5 | 17 | GPIO4 | GDI | I/O | GPIO | Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type. See section 2.7 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| R6 | 18 | GPIO5 | GDI | I/O | GPIO | Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type. See section 2.7 for functional description. See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs. |
| R7 | 19 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| R8 | 20 | USB_D- | USB | I/O | USB Data Line D- | 90 Ω nominal differential impedance. Pull-up, pull-down and series resistors, as required by the USB 2.0 specifications [9], are part of the USB pin driver and shall not be provided externally. USB interface supported for diagnostic purpose only. See section 2.5.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| R9 | 21 | USB_D+ | USB | I/O | USB Data Line D+ | 90 Ω nominal differential impedance. Pull-up, pull-down and series resistors, as required by USB 2.0 specifications [9], are part of the USB pin driver and shall not be provided externally. USB interface supported for diagnostic purpose only. See section 2.5.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| R10 | 22 | VUSB_DET | USB | I | USB detect input | Input for VBUS (5 V typical) USB supply sense. USB interface supported for diagnostic purpose only. See section 2.5.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| R11 | 23 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| R12 | 24 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| R13 | 25 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |
| R14 | 26 | RSVD | - | N/A | Reserved pin | Leave unconnected. |


Table 6: LEXI-R520 pin-out


See appendix A for an explanation of the abbreviations and terms used.

4 Electrical specifications


-  Stressing the device above one or more of the ratings listed in the Absolute Maximum Rating section may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operating the module at these or at any conditions other than those specified in the Operating Conditions sections (section 4.2) of the specification should be avoided. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
-  Electrical characteristics are defined according to the verification on a representative number of samples or according to the simulation.
-  Where application information is given, it is advisory only and does not form part of the specification.

4.1 Absolute maximum rating

-  Limiting values given below are in accordance with Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

| Symbol | Description | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|----------------------------|--|------|------|-------|
| VCC | Module supply voltage | Input voltage at VCC pins | -0.3 | 4.6 | V |
| | | Input voltage ramp at VCC pins | | 130 | mV/μs |
| VUSB_DET | USB detection pin | Input voltage at VUSB_DET pin | -0.3 | 5.5 | V |
| | | Input voltage ramp at VUSB_DET pin | | 650 | mV/μs |
| USB | USB D+/D- pins | Input voltage at USB interface pins | -0.3 | 3.6 | V |
| GDI | Generic digital interfaces | Input voltage at generic digital interfaces pins | -0.3 | 2.3 | V |
| I2C | I2C interface | Input voltage at I2C interface pins | -0.3 | 2.3 | V |
| SIM | SIM interface | Input voltage at SIM interface pins | -0.3 | 3.5 | V |
| POS | Power-on input | Input voltage at PWR_ON pin | -0.3 | 4.6 | V |
| ADC | Antenna detection input | Input DC voltage at ADC and ANT_DET pins | -0.3 | 1.5 | V |
| P_RF | RF power | Input RF power at ANT and ANT_GNSS pins | | 3 | dBm |
| Rho_ANT | Antenna ruggedness | Output RF load mismatch ruggedness at ANT pin | | 10:1 | VSWR |
| Tstg | Storage temperature | | -40 | +85 | °C |


Table 7: Absolute maximum ratings

-  The product is not protected against overvoltage or reversed voltages. If necessary, voltage spikes exceeding the voltage specifications given in the table above, must be limited to values within the specified boundaries by using appropriate protection devices.

4.1.1 Maximum ESD

| Parameter | Min | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|------------------------------|-----|------|------|---|
| ESD sensitivity for all pins | | 1000 | V | Human Body Model according to JS-001-2017 |
| | | 500 | V | Charged Device Model according to JS-002-2018 |

Table 8: Maximum ESD ratings

-  u-blox cellular modules are electrostatic sensitive devices and require special precautions when handling. See section 7.3 for ESD handling instructions.

4.2 Operating conditions

Unless otherwise indicated, all operating condition specifications are at an ambient temperature of +25 °C.

Operation beyond the operating conditions is not recommended and extended exposure beyond them may affect device reliability.

4.2.1 Operating temperature range

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Normal operating temperature | -20 | +25 | +65 | °C | Operating within 3GPP / ETSI specifications |
| Extended operating temperature | -40 | | +85 | °C | Operating with possible slight deviation in RF performance outside normal operating range |

Table 9: Environmental conditions

4.2.2 Supply/power pins

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--------|---|------|---------|------|------|
| VCC | Module supply normal operating input voltage ¹ | 3.3 | 3.8 | 4.4 | V |
| | Module supply extended operating input voltage ² | 3.0 | | 4.5 | V |

Table 10: Input characteristics of the Supply/Power pins

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--------|---|------|---------|------|------|
| VSIM | SIM supply output voltage with 1.8 V external SIM | | 1.8 | | V |
| | SIM supply output voltage with 3.0 V external SIM | | 3.0 | | V |
| V_INT | Generic Digital Interfaces supply output voltage | | 1.8 | | V |
| | Generic Digital Interfaces supply output current capability | | | 70 | mA |

Table 11: Output characteristics of the Supply/Power pins

¹ Operating within 3GPP / ETSI specifications.

² Operating with possible slight deviation in RF performance outside normal operating range. The input voltage has to be above the extended operating range minimum limit to switch-on the module and to avoid possible switch-off of the module.

³ Typical values with matched antenna, VCC = 3.8 V

4.2.3 Current consumption

| Mode | Condition | Tx power | Min | Typ ³ | Max | Unit |
|--|---|-------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------|
| Power-off mode | Average current value (power-off mode) | -- | | 0.5 | | μA |
| PSM deep-sleep mode | Average current value (PSM deep-sleep mode) | -- | | 0.5 | | μA |
| Cyclic deep-sleep / active mode (+UPSV: 1) | Average current value (rock bottom) | -- | | 0.5 | | μA |
| | Average current value (DRX = 2.56 s, PTW = 20.48 s, eDRX = 655.36 s, +UPSMVER: 8) | -- | | 180 | | μA |
| Cyclic idle / active mode (+UPSV: 1) | Average current value (rock bottom) | -- | | 1.4 | | mA |
| | Average current value (DRX = 2.56 s, PTW = 20.48 s, eDRX = 655.36 s, +UPSMVER: 0) | -- | | 1.4 | | mA |
| | Average current value (DRX = 2.56 s, no eDRX) | -- | | 1.8 | | mA |
| | Average current value (DRX = 1.28 s, no eDRX) | -- | | 2.2 | | mA |
| Idle mode (+UPSV: 1) | Average current value (airplane mode, +CFUN: 0) | -- | | 1.4 | | mA |
| Active mode (+UPSV: 0) | Average current value (DRX = 1.28 s) | -- | | 15 | | mA |
| LTE Cat M1 connected mode | Average current value (Tx / Rx data transfer) | Minimum (-50 dBm) | | 95 | | mA |
| | | 0 dBm | | 100 | | mA |
| | | 8 dBm | | 115 | | mA |
| | | 14 dBm | | 140 | | mA |
| | | 20 dBm | | 170 | | mA |
| | | Maximum (23 dBm) | | 195 | | mA |
| | Maximum current value (during Tx only) | Maximum (23 dBm) | | 395 | | mA |
| LTE Cat NB2 connected mode | Average current value (Tx / Rx data transfer) | Minimum (-50 dBm) | | 85 | | mA |
| | | 0 dBm | | 90 | | mA |
| | | 8 dBm | | 100 | | mA |
| | | 14 dBm | | 110 | | mA |
| | | 20 dBm | | 125 | | mA |
| | | Maximum (23 dBm) | | 135 | | mA |
| | Maximum current value (during Tx only) | Maximum (23 dBm) | | 395 | | mA |

Table 12: VCC current consumption of the LEXI-R520 module

³ Typical values with matched antenna, VCC = 3.8 V

4.2.4 LTE RF characteristics

The LTE Cat M1 / NB2 bands supported by LEXI-R520 modules are defined in [Table 2](#), while [Table 13](#) describes the frequency ranges for each LTE band as per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7].

| Parameter | | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|---|----------|------|------|------|------------------|
| Frequency range FDD band 71 (600 MHz) | Uplink | 663 | 698 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 617 | 652 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 12 (700 MHz) | Uplink | 699 | 716 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 729 | 746 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 28 (700 MHz) | Uplink | 703 | 748 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 758 | 803 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 85 (700 MHz) | Uplink | 698 | 716 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 728 | 746 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 13 (750 MHz) | Uplink | 777 | 787 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 746 | 756 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 20 (800 MHz) | Uplink | 832 | 862 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 791 | 821 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 26 (850 MHz) | Uplink | 814 | 849 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 859 | 894 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 18 (850 MHz) | Uplink | 815 | 830 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 860 | 875 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 5 (850 MHz) | Uplink | 824 | 849 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 869 | 894 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 19 (850 MHz) | Uplink | 830 | 845 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 875 | 890 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 8 (900 MHz) | Uplink | 880 | 915 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 925 | 960 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 4 (1700 MHz) | Uplink | 1710 | 1755 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 2110 | 2155 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 66 (1700 MHz) | Uplink | 1710 | 1780 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 2110 | 2200 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 3 (1800 MHz) | Uplink | 1710 | 1785 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 1805 | 1880 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 2 (1900 MHz) | Uplink | 1850 | 1910 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 1930 | 1990 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 25 (1900 MHz) | Uplink | 1850 | 1915 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 1930 | 1995 | MHz | Module receives |
| Frequency range FDD band 1 (2100 MHz) | Uplink | 1920 | 1980 | MHz | Module transmits |
| | Downlink | 2110 | 2170 | MHz | Module receives |

Table 13: LTE operating RF frequency bands

LEXI-R520 modules include a UE Power Class 3 LTE Cat M1 / NB2 transmitter (see [Table 2](#)) and an LTE receiver, with output power and characteristics according to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7].

The LEXI-R520 module's LTE receiver characteristics are compliant to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7], with LTE conducted receiver sensitivity performance described in [Table 14](#) and [Table 15](#).

| Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|---|------|---------|------|------|---------------------|
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 71 (600 MHz) | | -108.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 12 / 28 / 85 (700 MHz) | | -108.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 13 (750 MHz) | | -108.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 20 (800 MHz) | | -108.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 5 / 18 / 19 / 26 (850 MHz) | | -107.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 8 (900 MHz) | | -107.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 3 (1800 MHz) | | -107.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 2 / 25 (1900 MHz) | | -107.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 1 / 4 / 66 (2100 MHz) | | -107.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |

Condition: 50 Ω source, throughput > 95%, QPSK modulation, other settings as per clause 7.3EA of 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7]

Table 14: LTE Cat M1 receiver sensitivity performance

| Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|---|------|---------|------|------|---------------------|
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 71 (600 MHz) | | -116.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 12 / 28 / 85 (700 MHz) | | -116.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 13 (750 MHz) | | -116.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 20 (800 MHz) | | -115.5 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 5 / 18 / 19 / 26 (850 MHz) | | -115.5 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 8 (900 MHz) | | -115.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 3 (1800 MHz) | | -114.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 2 / 25 (1900 MHz) | | -115.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |
| Receiver input sensitivity Band 1 / 4 / 66 (2100 MHz) | | -115.0 | | dBm | Without repetitions |

Condition: 50 Ω source, throughput > 95%, QPSK modulation, other settings as per clause 7.3F of 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7]

Table 15: LTE Cat NB2 receiver sensitivity performance

4.2.5 SpotNow characteristics

| Parameter | Specification |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Receiver type | u-blox SpotNow A-GPS |
| GNSS signals | GPS L1C/A (1575.42 MHz) |
| Time-To-Fix (TTF) ⁴ | 1 s |
| Sensitivity ⁵ | -148 dBm |
| Position accuracy ⁶ | 5 m |
| Fix energy ⁴ | 60 uWh |

Table 16: SpotNow characteristics and performance

4.2.6 ANT_DET pin

| Pin Name | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| ANT_DET | Output DC current pulse value | | 3 | | μA | |
| | Output DC current pulse time length | | 20 | | ms | |

Table 17: ANT_DET pin characteristics

4.2.7 PWR_ON pin

| Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|-------------------------|------|---------|------|------|--|
| Low-level input | -0.3 | | 0.3 | V | |
| Pull-up resistance | | 100 | | kΩ | Integrated pull-up to internal rail (typ. 1.2 V) |
| Low-level input current | | -15 | | μA | |
| PWR_ON low time | 0.1 | | 1.0 | s | Low time to trigger module switch on from power-off mode |
| | 0.1 | | 1.0 | s | Low time to trigger module wake-up from deep-sleep |
| | 1.5 | | | s | Low time to trigger module normal graceful switch off |
| | 17 | | | s | Low time to trigger module emergency hardware shutdown |

Table 18: PWR_ON pin characteristics

4.2.8 RESET_N pin

| Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|-------------------------|------|---------|------|------|---|
| Internal supply | | 1.8 | | | Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT) |
| Low-level input | -0.3 | | 0.5 | V | |
| Low-level input current | -18 | -32 | -56 | μA | |
| RESET_N low time | 100 | | | ms | Low time to trigger module reset / reboot |

Table 19: RESET_N pin characteristics

⁴ Commanded starts; all satellites at -130 dBm; aiding available.

⁵ Good external LNA; room temperature.

⁶ CEP, 50%, static, -130 dBm, > 6 SVs.

4.2.9 SIM pins

The SIM pins are a dedicated interface to the external SIM card/chip. The electrical characteristics fulfill the regulatory specification requirements. The values in [Table 20](#) are for information only.

| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|--|----------|------|----------|------------|------------------------------------|
| Internal supply domain for SIM interface | | 1.8 | | V | VSIM, with external 1.8 V SIM type |
| | | 3.0 | | V | VSIM, with external 3.0 V SIM type |
| Low-level input | -0.3 | | 0.2*VSIM | V | |
| High-level input | 0.6*VSIM | | VSIM+0.3 | V | |
| Low-level output | | 0.0 | | V | |
| High-level output | | VSIM | | V | |
| Internal pull-up resistor on SIM_IO | | 4.7 | | k Ω | Internal pull-up to VSIM supply |
| Clock frequency on SIM_CLK | | 3.13 | | MHz | |

Table 20: SIM pins characteristics

4.2.10 I2C pins

I2C lines (**SCL** and **SDA**) are compliant to the I2C-bus standard mode specification. See the I2C-bus specification [\[10\]](#) for detailed electrical characteristics.

| Parameter | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|--------------------------------|------|---------|-----|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Internal supply for I2C domain | | 1.8 | | V | Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT) |
| Low-level input | -0.3 | | 0.5 | V | |
| High-level input | 1.3 | | 2.1 | V | |
| Low-level output | | 0.0 | | V | |
| Pull-up input current | | -450 | | μ A | |

Table 21: I2C pins characteristics

4.2.11 Generic Digital Interfaces pins

| Parameter | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Remarks |
|--------------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Internal supply for GDI domain | | 1.8 | | V | Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT) |
| Low-level input | -0.3 | | 0.5 | V | |
| High-level input | 1.3 | | 2.1 | V | |
| Low-level output | | 0.0 | 0.4 | V | |
| High-level output | 1.4 | 1.8 | | V | |
| Input leakage current | | | 1 | μ A | 0 V < V _{IN} < 1.8 V |
| Output high driver strength | 3.28 | 5.22 | 7.92 | mA | V _{OUT} = 1.4 |
| Output low driver strength | 3.02 | 5.41 | 8.63 | mA | V _{OUT} = 0.4 |
| Pull-up input current | -18 | -32 | -56 | μ A | |
| Pull-down input current | 15 | 30 | 56 | μ A | |

Table 22: GDI pins characteristics

4.2.12 USB pins

USB data lines (**USB_D+** / **USB_D-**) are compliant with the USB 2.0 high-speed specification. See the Universal Serial Bus specification revision 2.0 [9] for detailed electrical characteristics. The values in [Table 23](#) related to USB 2.0 high-speed physical layer specifications are for information only.

| Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|---|------|---------|------|------|---------|
| VUSB_DET pin, High-level input | 4.40 | 5.00 | 5.25 | V | |
| High-speed squelch detection threshold (input differential signal amplitude) | 100 | | 150 | mV | |
| High speed disconnect detection threshold (input differential signal amplitude) | 525 | | 625 | mV | |
| High-speed data signaling input common mode voltage range | -50 | | 500 | mV | |
| High-speed idle output level | -10 | | 10 | mV | |
| High-speed data signaling output high level | 360 | | 440 | mV | |
| High-speed data signaling output low level | -10 | | 10 | mV | |
| Chirp J level (output differential voltage) | 700 | | 1100 | mV | |
| Chirp K level (output differential voltage) | -900 | | -500 | mV | |

Table 23: USB pins characteristics

4.2.13 ADC pin

| Parameter | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|---------------------|------|---------|------|------|---------------------|
| Resolution | | 12 | | Bits | |
| Input voltage range | 0.2 | | 1.2 | V | |
| Input resistance | | 5 | | MΩ | With respect to GND |

Table 24: Analog to Digital Converter input pin (ADC) characteristics

4.2.14 Smart temperature supervisor

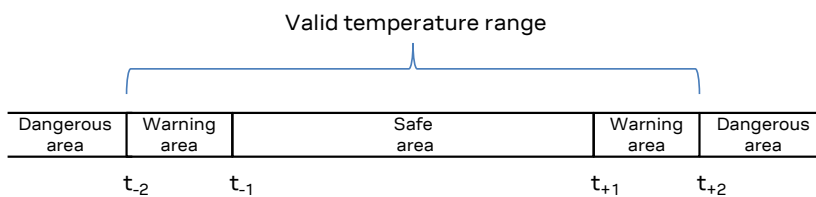


Figure 3: Temperature range and limits

| Symbol | Parameter | Temperature |
|----------|---------------------------|-------------|
| t_{-2} | Low temperature shutdown | -40 °C |
| t_{-1} | Low temperature warning | -30 °C |
| t_{+1} | High temperature warning | +77 °C |
| t_{+2} | High temperature shutdown | +97 °C |

Table 25: Thresholds definition for the “Smart temperature supervisor” feature on the LEXI-R520 modules

The sensor measures the board temperature inside the shield, which can differ from the ambient temperature.

5 Mechanical specifications

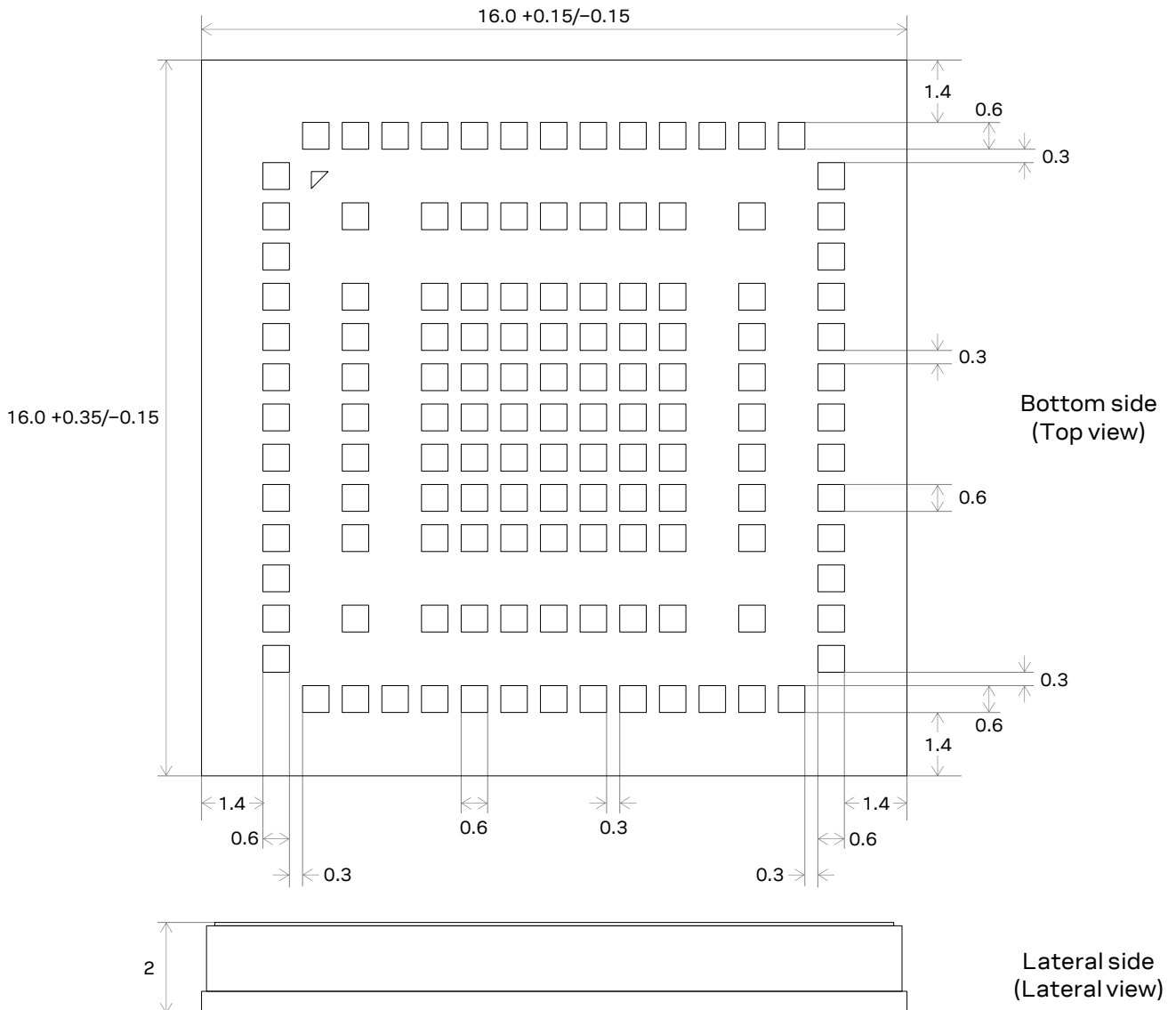


Figure 4: LEXI-R520 dimensions, typical values [mm]

- Actual geometries of the pads may depend on related implementation of the solder resist mask openings and the underlying copper layer.
- For information regarding Footprint and Paste Mask recommended for the application board integrating the cellular module, see the LEXI-R520 system integration manual [2].

6 Qualification and approvals

6.1 Reliability tests

Reliability tests for LEXI-R520 modules are executed according to u-blox qualification policy, based on AEC-Q104 standard.

6.2 Approvals

LEXI-R520 modules comply with the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council on the Restriction of Use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EU RoHS 2) and its amendment Directive (EU) 2015/863 (EU RoHS 3).

LEXI-R520 modules are RoHS 3 compliant.

No natural rubbers, hygroscopic materials, or materials containing asbestos are employed.

[Table 26](#) summarizes the main approvals planned for LEXI-R520 modules.

| Certification | LEXI-R520 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| CE Europe | • |
| FCC United States | • |
| FCC ID | XPYUBX23KM02 |
| ISED Canada | • |
| ISED Certification Number | 8595A-UBX23KM02 |
| GITEKI Japan | • |
| NCC Taiwan | • |
| ACMA RCM Australia | • |
| PTCRB | • |
| GCF | • |
| AT&T with FirstNet | • |
| Verizon | • |
| T-Mobile USA | • |
| Telus | • |
| Telstra | • |
| Orange | • |
| Deutsche Telekom | • |

Table 26: LEXI-R520 main certification approvals summary

7 Product handling & soldering

7.1 Packaging

LEXI-R520 modules are delivered as hermetically sealed, reeled tapes to enable efficient production, production lot set-up and tear-down. For more information about packaging, see the u-blox package information user guide [3].

7.1.1 Reels

LEXI-R520 modules are deliverable in quantities of 500 pieces on a reel. The modules are delivered using reel type A4 described in the u-blox package information user guide [3].

Quantities of less than 500 pieces are also available. Contact u-blox for more information.

7.1.2 Tapes

LEXI-R520 modules are delivered on the tape illustrated in Figure 5.

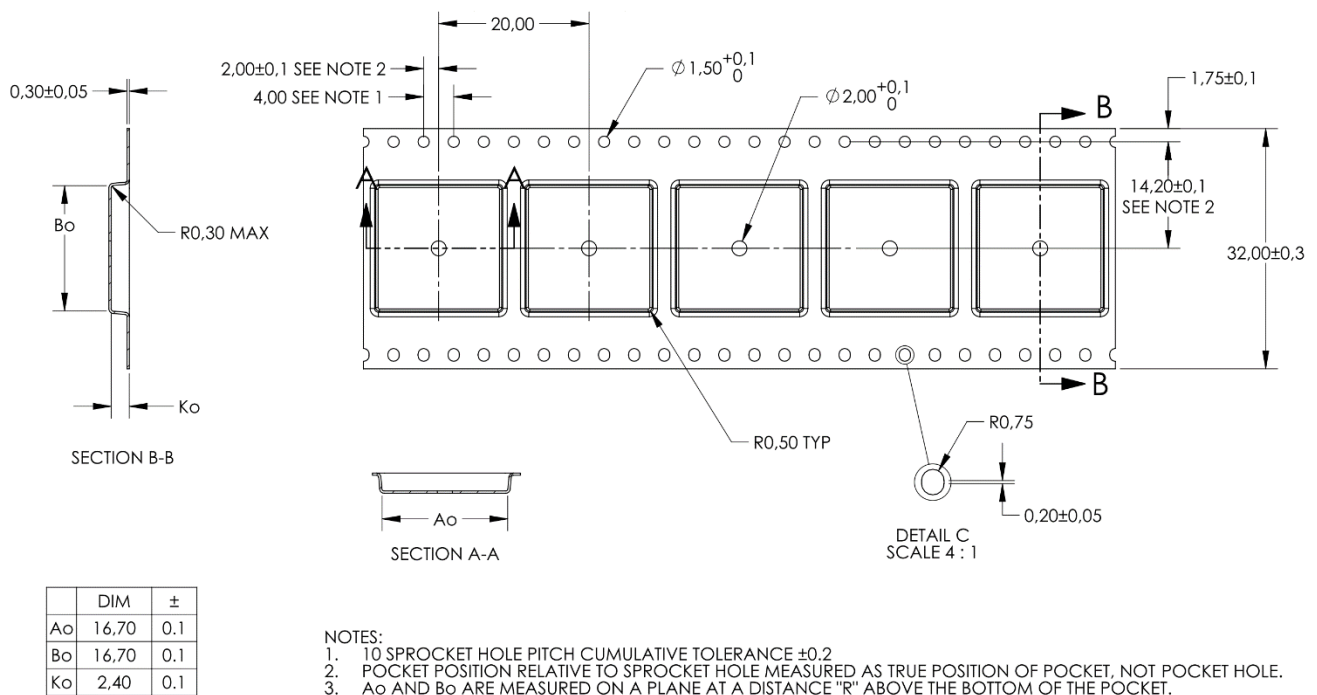


Figure 5: LEXI-R520 modules tape

7.2 Moisture sensitivity levels

LEXI-R520 modules are moisture sensitive devices (MSD) in accordance to the IPC/JEDEC specification.

The Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) relates to the packaging and handling precautions required. LEXI-R520 modules are rated at MSL level 4. For more information regarding moisture sensitivity levels, labeling, storage and drying, see the u-blox package information user guide [3].

For the MSL standard, see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 (can be downloaded from www.jedec.org).

7.3 ESD precautions

- ⚠ LEXI-R520 modules contain highly sensitive electronic circuitry and are Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESD). Handling LEXI-R520 modules without proper ESD protection may destroy or damage them permanently.
- ⚠ Ensure ESD precautions are implemented during handling of the module.



Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the sudden and momentary electric current that flows between two objects at different electrical potentials caused by direct contact or induced by an electrostatic field. The term is usually used in the electronics and other industries to describe momentary unwanted currents that may cause damage to electronic equipment.

[Table 8](#) details the maximum ESD ratings of the LEXI-R520 modules.

Proper ESD handling and packaging procedures must be applied throughout the processing, handling and operation of any application that incorporates LEXI-R520 modules.

ESD precautions should be appropriately implemented on the application board where the module is mounted.

- ⚠ Failure to observe these precautions can result in severe damage to the device!

7.4 Reflow soldering

Reflow profiles are to be selected according to u-blox recommendations, as illustrated in details in the system integration manual [\[2\]](#).

- ⚠ Failure to observe these recommendations can result in severe damage to the device!

8 Labeling and ordering information

8.1 Product labeling

The labels of LEXI-R520 modules include important product information, as described in this section. [Figure 6](#) provides an illustrative example of LEXI-R520 modules' label, which includes for example: the u-blox logo (acting also as pin 1 indicator), production date, Pb-free marking, product type number, IMEI number, certification info, and production country of the module.



Figure 6: Illustrative example of LEXI-R520 modules' label

8.2 Explanation of codes

Three different product code formats are used. The **Product name** is used in documentation such as this data sheet and identifies all the u-blox products, independent of packaging and quality grade. The **Ordering code** includes options and quality, while the **Type number** includes the hardware and firmware versions. [Table 27](#) details these 3 different formats:

| Format | Structure |
|---------------|------------------|
| Product name | PPPP-TGVV |
| Ordering code | PPPP-TGVV-MMQ |
| Type number | PPPP-TGVV-MMQ-XX |

Table 27: Product code formats

[Table 28](#) explains the parts of the product code.

| Code | Meaning | Example |
|------|---|-------------------|
| PPPP | Form factor | LEXI |
| TG | Platform (Technology and Generation) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dominant technology: G = GSM, U = UMTS, C = CDMA, N = NB-IoT (LTE Cat NB1/NB2), R = LTE low data rate (Cat M1, Cat 1, Cat 1bis), L = LTE high data rate (Cat 3 and above) Generation: 1...9 | R5 |
| VV | Variant function set based on the same platform: 00...99 | 20 |
| MM | Major product version: 00...99 | 02 |
| Q | Product grade: C = standard, B = professional, A = automotive | B |
| XX | Minor product version: 00...99 | Default value: 00 |

Table 28: Part identification code

8.3 Ordering information

| Ordering No. | Product |
|---------------|---|
| LEXI-R520-02B | LTE Cat M1 / NB2 module for multi-region use. Designed with integrated u-blox SpotNow A-GPS receiver, with dedicated RF input for GPS antenna. 16.0 x 16.0 mm |

Table 29: Product ordering codes

Appendix

A Glossary


| Abbreviation | Definition |
|--------------|---|
| 3GPP | 3 rd Generation Partnership Project |
| ACMA | Australian Communications and Media Authority |
| ADC | Analog to Digital Converter |
| A-GPS | Assisted Global Positioning System |
| Cat | Category |
| CE | Coverage Enhancement |
| CE | European Conformity |
| CEP | Circular Error Probable |
| CLK | Clock |
| CIoT | Cellular Internet of Things |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor |
| CoAP | Constrained Application Protocol |
| CTS | Clear To Send |
| DC | Direct Current |
| DCD | Data Carrier Detect |
| DL | Down Link (Reception) |
| DRX | Discontinuous Reception |
| DSR | Data Set Ready |
| DTE | Data Terminal Equipment |
| DTLS | Datagram Transport Layer Security |
| DTR | Data Terminal Ready |
| E-CID | Enhanced Cell Identity |
| eDRX | Extended Discontinuous Reception |
| EPS | Evolved Packet System |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge |
| E-UTRA | Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access |
| FCC | Federal Communications Commission United States |
| FDD | Frequency Division Duplex |
| FOAT | Firmware (update) Over AT commands |
| FOTA | Firmware (update) Over-The-Air |
| FTP | File Transfer Protocol |
| FW | Firmware |
| GCF | Global Certification Forum |
| GDI | Generic Digital Interface |
| GITEKI | Gijutsu kijun tekigō shōmei - Technical standard conformity certification (Japan) |
| GND | Ground |
| GNSS | Global Navigation Satellite System |
| GPIO | General Purpose Input/Output |
| GPS | Global Positioning System |
| HARQ | Hybrid Automatic Repeat Request |
| HDLC | High-level Data Link Control |

| Abbreviation | Definition |
|--------------|---|
| HTTP | HyperText Transfer Protocol |
| HW | Hardware |
| ID | Identifier |
| IEC | International Electrotechnical Commission |
| I2C | Inter-Integrated Circuit |
| I2S | Inter-IC Sound |
| I/O | Input/Output |
| IMEI | International Mobile Equipment Identity |
| ISED | Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada |
| ISO | International Organization for Standardization |
| ITU | International Telecommunications Union |
| LGA | Land Grid Array |
| LNA | Low Noise Amplifier |
| LPWA | Low Power Wide Area |
| LTE | Long-Term Evolution |
| LTE-M | Long-Term Evolution – enhanced Machine Type Communication |
| LwM2M | Lightweight Machine-to-Machine protocol |
| M2M | Machine to Machine |
| MQTT | Message Queuing Telemetry Transport |
| MQTT-SN | Message Queuing Telemetry Transport for Sensor Networks |
| MSD | Moisture Sensitive Device |
| MSL | Moisture Sensitivity Level |
| MUX | Multiplexer |
| N/A | Not Applicable |
| NB-IoT | Narrowband Internet of Things |
| NCC | National Communications Commission Taiwan |
| No | Number |
| PCB | Printed Circuit Board |
| PCN | Product Change Notification / Sample Delivery Note / Information Note |
| POS | Power On Signal |
| PPS | Pulse Per Second |
| PSM | Power Saving Mode |
| PTCRB | PCS Type Certification Review Board |
| PUCCH | Physical Uplink Control Channel |
| QPSK | Quadrature Phase Shift Keying modulation |
| RACH | Random Access Channel |
| RAT | Radio Access Technology |
| RCM | Regulatory Compliance Mark |
| RF | Radio Frequency |
| RI | Ring Indicator |
| RIL | Radio Interface Layer |
| RRC | Radio Resource Control |
| RTC | Real Time Clock |
| RTS | Request To Send |
| Rx | Reception |
| SCL | Serial Clock |

| Abbreviation | Definition |
|---------------------|---|
| SDA | Serial Data |
| SDIO | Secure Digital Input Output |
| SIM | Subscriber Identity Module |
| SPI | Serial Peripheral Interface |
| SSL | Secure Socket Layer |
| TBS | Transport Block Size |
| TCP | Transmission Control Protocol |
| TLS | Transport Layer Security |
| TS | Technical Specification |
| Tx | Transmission |
| TXD | Transmit Data |
| UART | Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter |
| uCPU | u-blox open CPU solution |
| UDP | User Datagram Protocol |
| UE | User Equipment |
| uFOTA | u-blox Firmware (update) Over-The-Air |
| UKCA | United Kingdom Conformity Assessed |
| UL | Uplink (Transmission) |
| USB | Universal Serial Bus |
| uSCM | u-blox Smart Connection Manager |
| VSWR | Voltage Standing Wave Ratio |

Related documentation

- [1] u-blox SARA-R5 series / LEXI-R520 AT commands manual, [UBX-19047455](#)
- [2] u-blox LEXI-R520 system integration manual, [UBX-23008006](#)
- [3] u-blox package information user guide, [UBX-14001652](#)
- [4] 3GPP TS 27.007 – AT command set for User Equipment (UE)
- [5] 3GPP TS 27.005 – Use of Data Terminal Equipment – Data Circuit terminating Equipment (DTE – DCE) interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)
- [6] 3GPP TS 27.010 – Terminal Equipment to User Equipment (TE-UE) multiplexer protocol
- [7] 3GPP TS 36.521-1 – Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access; User Equipment conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Conformance Testing
- [8] ITU-T Recommendation V24 – List of definitions for interchange circuits between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Connection Equipment (DCE)
- [9] Universal Serial Bus Revision 2.0 specification, <https://www.usb.org/>
- [10] I2C-bus specification and user manual – UM10204 – NXP semiconductors, <https://www.nxp.com/docs/en/user-guide/UM10204.pdf>
- [11] RFC 7252 - Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP)

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Revision history

| Revision | Date | Name | Comments |
|----------|-------------|-------------|--|
| R01 | 30-Jun-2023 | fvid / sses | Initial release |
| R02 | 20-Oct-2023 | fvid / sses | Updated LEXI-R520-02B product status to prototype. Added absolute maximum rating for VCC and VUSB_DET voltage ramp. Improvement on PWR_ON pin specifications. Corrected approvals description. Minor other clarifications and corrections. |
| R03 | 14-Mar-2024 | fvid | Updated LEXI-R520-02B product status to engineering sample. Updated current consumption. Updated PWR_ON pin specifications. Updated approvals section. Minor other clarifications and corrections. |

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